

**bc630AT**  
**Software Developer's Kit**

**PN**  
**8500 - 0093**

**User's Guide**  
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**bc630AT  
DEVELOPER'S KIT**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>SECTION</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
<b>CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION</b>	
1.0 General.....	1-1
1.1 Features.....	1-1
1.2 Overview.....	1-1
<b>CHAPTER TWO INSTALLATION</b>	
2.0 General.....	2-1
2.1 Configuration.....	2-1
2.2 Install Hardware Driver .....	2-4
2.3 Configure Board Address .....	2-4
2.4 Test Installation.....	2-5
2.5 Project Creation .....	2-6
<b>CHAPTER THREE LIBRARY DEFINITIONS</b>	
3.0 General.....	3-1
3.1 Functions.....	3-1

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## **CHAPTER ONE**

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### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **1.0 GENERAL**

The bc630AT Developer's Kit is designed to provide a suite of tools useful in the development of applications which access features of the Datum bc630AT Real Time Clock Module. This kit has been designed to provide an interface between the bc630AT and applications developed for Windows 95™, and Windows NT™ environments. In addition to the interface DLL, two example programs are provided, complete with source code, in order to provide a better understanding of the kit features and benefits.

#### **1.1 FEATURES**

The salient features of the Developer's Kit include:

- Interface library with access to all features of the bc630AT.
- Hardware driver for Windows NT™ and VxD for Windows 95™
- Example programs, with source, utilizing the interface library.
- Console application to configure registry keys.
- User's Guide providing a library definition.

#### **1.2 OVERVIEW**

The Developer's Kit was designed to provide an interface to the Real Time Clock Module in the 32-bit environments of Windows 95™ and Windows NT™. The example programs were developed under Microsoft Visual C++ 5.0. The example programs provides sample code which exercise the interface DLL as well as examples of converting many of the ASCII format data objects passed to and from the device into a binary format suitable for operation and conversion. The example programs were developed using discrete functions for each operation which allows the developer to clip any useful code and use it in their own applications. A resource file is included with interface dialogs to allow the operator of a program to set any configurable parameters for operating the bc630AT hardware. A discrete 32-bit console application is provided in the Developer's Kit which can be distributed to end users to configure registry keys to access the hardware interface.

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## **CHAPTER TWO**

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### **INSTALLATION**

#### **2.0 GENERAL**

Installation of the Developer's Kit is handled by the installer program. Following the installation, the user must set up the appropriate hardware driver and registry key information for the operating system. The following steps are required for a full system installation.

- Use the setup.exe program on the Developer's Kit to install the kit.
- Copy the appropriate hardware driver to the system location.
- Use the supplied registry utility to configure the registry keys.
- Use the compiled example programs to test the system.

*Note:* A reboot is necessary after configuring the registry entries for the first time.

#### **2.1 CONFIGURATION**

Directory structures are created in the specified location. These structures contains all required files to develop 32-bit user applications. In addition, copies of the hardware driver files and configuration utilities are provided for redistribution with user-developed 32-bit applications.

##### **Directory of dist\...\Example Programs\bc630at**

This directory contains all the files for rebuilding the example program.

##### **Directory of dist\...\Example Programs\bc630atTrayTime**

This directory contains all files for rebuilding the example program.

##### **Directory of dist\...\Example Programs\Hardware Libraries**

This directory contains compiled dll and lib files.

##### **Directory of dist\...\Hardware Drivers**

This directory contains Windows 95 and WinNT Drivers.

##### **Directory of dist\...\Utility Programs**

This directory contains three .EXE programs

##### **Directory of dist\...\Documentation**

This directory contains the manual for the software developer's kit.

## 2.2 HARDWARE DRIVER INSTALLATION

A hardware driver handles the underlying I/O space access in the Developer's Kit routines. A service is used for Windows NT™ and a virtual device driver for Windows 95™.

Copy the appropriate file for the host platform from the Developer's Kit util subdirectory into the defined location.

Platform	File	Location
Windows NT™	WINRT.SYS	\windir\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS
Windows 95™	WRTDEV0.VXD	\windir\SYSTEM\VMM32

## 2.3 BOARD ADDRESS CONFIGURATION

Use the supplied registry utility bc630Reg.exe to configure the registry keys. The keys differ with the host OS. The utility will determine the correct operating system and create and/or modify the appropriate register keys.

The registry utility needs to know the base address set on the bc630AT hardware and an interrupt level, if any interrupt jumpers were set. The command syntax can be queried by executing the program with no parameters.

### **bc630Reg 0x300 0**

In this example, the base address is set to hex 300 and the interrupt is ignored. A sample of the output from the command is shown below.

```
C:> bc630Reg 0x300 0
```

**Using Windows 95**

**Using base address 0x300**

**Interrupt disabled**

**Registry info set-up**

If this key were being set up for the first time, a message would be displayed indicating that the system must be rebooted before the changes will take effect.

## 2.4 TEST INSTALLATION

Use the compiled version of the example program supplied in the Developer's Kit located in the utility directory to test the installation.

If a device open error is received, the hardware interface was not installed or configured properly. Verify that the correct driver was installed according to the guidelines above.

If the device opens but "00000" are displayed instead of valid time values in the main window, make sure you have a valid TimeCode connected to the bc630AT. If you do have TimeCode coming in to the module and the time is "00000", then the hardware interface was not configured correctly. Verify the base address of the installed bc630AT and use the registry utility in the utils subdirectory to reconfigure the driver. If the error persists, an address conflict may exist with some other piece of hardware in the system. Try changing the hardware address of the bc630AT and reconfiguring the driver before executing the example program again.

## **2.5 PROJECT CREATION**

You can easily rebuild bc630at.exe and bc630atTrayTime.exe by opening the corresponding project file with Visual C++ 5.0.

If you want to use bc\_io.dll in your own MFC project, you may follow the instructions below:

- 1) Insert bc\_io.lib into your project.
- 2) If building a new project similar to bc630AT, you don't need to change the default settings of the project.
- 3) If building a new project similar to bc630atTrayTime, you may need to change the project settings:
  - a) For both debug version and release version, go to "C/C++" tab; select "Precompiled Headers" category and then check "Not using precompiled headers" button. Next, go to the Link tab, select "General category" and add "bc\_io.lib" to "Object/Library Module" edit box.
  - b) For release version, Link tab, select "Customize" category and then check "Force File Output" box.



## CHAPTER THREE

### LIBRARY DEFINITIONS

#### 3.0 GENERAL

The interface library provides functions for each of the software commands supported by the bc630AT Real Time Clock Module. In addition, functions are provided to both read and write individual registers on the card. To understand the usage and effects of each of these functions, please refer to the User's Guides provided with the hardware.

#### 3.1 FUNCTIONS

*Note:* Library functions bcOpen and bcClose are not applicable for 16-bit applications.

<b>bcOpen</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcOpen (int devno);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	Device Number <i>Note:</i> This value must be set to 0.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> This opens the underlying hardware layer. The developer's kit currently only supports one hardware device per application.	

<b>bcClose</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcClose (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Closes the underlying hardware layer.	

<b>bcGetByte</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcGetByte (int offset, unsigned char *value);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	offset = Base Offset of Requested Register value = Pointer to Unsigned Char to Return Value Requested

<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<b>Description:</b> Returns the contents of the requested register.	

<b>bcSetByte</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetByte (int offset, unsigned char value);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	offset = Base Offset of Requested Register value = Unsigned Char Value to be Set
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<b>Description:</b> Sets the contents of the specified register.	

<b>bcReadTime</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReadTime (unsigned char *maj, unsigned long *min, unsigned char *status);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Request Time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	<b>maj</b> = unsigned char pointer to output string. This string will be filled with five bytes corresponding to major time in <Request Time> software command. This array is NOT null terminated. <b>min</b> = unsigned long pointer to minor time. Binary minor time in <Request Time> SW Command was combined to output min. <i>Note:</i> See <i>Bctime.c</i> for example <b>status</b> = pointer to unsigned char status <i>Note:</i> Use the following return values for status 0x00 = time code present 0x01 = flywheeling to the internal crystal 0x02 = flywheeling to an external 1PPS 0x03 = flywheeling to an external 1, 5, 10 MHz frequency reference.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<b>Description:</b> Latches and returns time captured from the time registers.	

<b>bcSetTime</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetTime (char *day, char *hour, char *min, char *sec);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Set major time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	char *day = Julian day number (Jan 1 = 001) [3 characters] char *hour = hour [2 characters] char *min = minute [2 characters] char *sec = second [2 characters] <i>Note:</i> These are fixed length fields passed exactly as given to the bc630AT. It is not necessary to null terminate the arrays.

<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Set the major time buffer.	

<b>bcSetRTC</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetRTC (char *dayw, char *year, char *month, char *mday, char *hour, char *min, char *sec);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Set RTC Chip IC Time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	char *dayw = day of week (Sun=0, ....., Sat = 6) [1 character] char *year = year (00-99)[2 characters] char *month = month (Jan = 01) [2 characters] char *mday = day (e.g. 1 = 01) [2 characters] (01 to 31) char *hour = hour [2 characters] char *min = minute [2 characters] char *sec = second [2 characters] <i>Note:</i> These are fixed length fields passed exactly as given to the bc630AT. It is not necessary to null terminate the arrays.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Set the time in the Real Time Clock chip.	

<b>bcReqRTC</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqRTC (unsigned char *RTC);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Request RTC IC Time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char RTC = unsigned char pointer to output string. This string will be filled with seven bytes corresponding to time in <Request RTC IC Time> software command. This array is NOT null terminated.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Requests the Real Time Clock IC Time	

<b>bcReqPowOffTime</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqPowOffTime (unsigned char *time);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Request Power Off Time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char time = unsigned char pointer to output string. This string will be filled with seven bytes corresponding to time in <Request Power Off Time> software command. This array is NOT null terminated.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Returns the time when computer was last turned off	

<b>bcReqEvtTime</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqEvtTime (unsigned char *major, unsigned long *minor);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Request Event Time>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char major = unsigned char pointer to output string. This string will be filled with five bytes corresponding to major time in <Request Time> software command. This array is NOT null terminated. unsigned long minor = unsigned long pointer to minor time. Binary minor time in <Request Event Time> SW Command was combined to output minor.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i><b>Description:</b></i> Request the External Event capture time	

*Note:* You need to enable the Event capture control once only using (bcSetEventCap( )) before you issue this command.

<b>bcReqAuxData</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqAuxData (unsigned char *aux);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Output auxiliary data>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char aux = unsigned char pointer to output string. This string will be filled with seven bytes corresponding to the data in <Output auxiliary data> software command. This array is NOT null terminated.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i><b>Description:</b></i> Requests auxiliary data	

<b>bcReqStatus</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqStatus (unsigned char *stat);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char stat = unsigned char pointer to status <i>Note:</i> Use the following return values for status 0x00 = time code present 0x01 = flywheeling to the internal crystal 0x02 = flywheeling to an external 1PPS 0x03 = flywheeling to an external 1, 5, 10 MHz frequency reference.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i><b>Description:</b></i> Returns the status of the bc630AT.	

<b>bcSetHrtBt</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetHrtBt (int frequency);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	int frequency = (1 to 2000) Hz
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Program a periodic output in Hz	

<b>bcSetPropDelay</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetPropDelay (int delay);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	int delay = propagation delay (-1022 to +1021) microseconds
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Program a propagation delay into the timing engine to account for delays introduced by long cable runs.	

<b>bcSetTcMod</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetTcMod (unsigned char mode);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	mode = TimeCode mode settings <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define TC_AUTO           0x00 #define TC_IRIG_A        0x01 #define TC_IRIG_B        0x02 #define TC_2137          0x03 #define TC_RTC           0x04 #define TC_MASTER        0x05 #define TC_NASA36        0x06 #define TC_EXT_1PPS     0x0A #define TC_EXT_MHZ       0x0B
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Sets the mode of the bc630AT	

<b>bcSetTcFormat</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetTcFormat (unsigned char type);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char type = modulation type of time code <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define TC_DCLS           0x00 #define TC_MOD            0x40
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Sets time code type	

<b>bcSetInitMode</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetInitMode (unsigned char initial);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	initial = sets the initialization mode upon power on <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define NORM_INITIAL    0x00 #define RTC_INITIAL     0x10 #define BATT_INITIAL    0x20 #define USER_INITIAL    0x30
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Sets the initialization mode upon power on of the bc630AT	

<b>bcSetEventCap</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetEventCap (unsigned char event);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char event = External Event Capture Control <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define DIS_EVNT        0x00 #define FAL_EVNT        0x01 #define RIS_EVNT        0x02 #define BTH_EVNT        0x03
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Sets the External Event Capture Control for the bc630AT.	

<b>bcSetXFW</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetXFW (unsigned char xfw);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char xfw = Enable/Disable External Flywheel Synchronization <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define CLR_XFW           0x00 #define SET_XFW           0x04
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Enable/Disable External Flywheel Synchronization of the bc630AT	

<b>bcSetFilter</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetFilter (unsigned char filter);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned char filter = Enable/Disable Digital Filtering of the time source signal <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define CLR_FLTR         0x00 #define SET_FLTR         0x08
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Enable/Disable Digital Filtering of the time source signal	

<b>bcDelay</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcDelay (unsigned long delay);
<b>SW Command</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	unsigned long delay = delay in increments of 1 millisecond
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Sets a delay	

<b>bcProcMask</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcProcMask (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Process Masks Register Only>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Process Masks Register Only	

<b>bcSynchRTC</b>
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<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSynchRTC (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Synchronize RTC IC>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Synchronizes the battery backed RTC to the external time source being decoded	

<b>bcRstDef</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcRstDef (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Reset to Default Values>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Reset to Default Values	

<b>bcRstBat</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcRstBat (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Reset to Battery Backed Values>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Reset to Battery Backed Values	

<b>bcInitialize</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcInitialize (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Initialization command>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Initialization command	

<b>bcSyncHeart</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSyncHeart (void);
<b>SW Command</b>	<Synchronize Heartbeat Pulses/Interrupts>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<i>Description:</i> Loads and synchronizes the heartbeat frequency to the current time source	

<b>bcClrEvntCap</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcClrEvntCap (void);



<b>SW Command</b>	<Clear Event Capture>
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK on Success RC_ERROR on Failure
<b>Description:</b> The event capture is disabled after each event until this command is executed.	

<b>bcStartInt</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcStartInt (HWND hWnd, INT dev_no, INT int_mode);
<b>Packet</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	HWND hWnd = Window handle to receive interrupt messages. INT dev_no = 0 INT int_mode = type of interrupt. <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc_int.h #define BC_INT_ONE_SHOT 1 #define BC_INT_RECURRING 2
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK On Success RC_ERROR On Failure
<b>Description:</b> Start the interrupt thread. This thread will send a message to the program using the window handle passed in. The two allowed messages are; #define WM_INT_DYING 0x7026 #define WM_INT_DETECTED 0x7025	

<b>bcStopInt</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcStopInt (void);
<b>Packet</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	None
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK On Success RC_ERROR On Failure
<b>Description:</b> Stop the interrupt thread. This thread will send a message to the program using the window handle passed in. The two allowed messages are; #define WM_INT_DYING 0x7026 #define WM_INT_DETECTED 0x7025	

<b>bcSetInts</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcSetInts (UCHAR *mask);
<b>Packet</b>	N/A
<b>Input Parameter</b>	UCHAR *mask = pointer to mask to load into INTERRUPT MASK register. <i>Note:</i> The following are defined in bc630at.h #define INT_NONE           0x00 #define INT_RDYB           0x20 #define INT_EVNT           0x40 #define INT_HRTB           0x60 #define INT_1PPS           0x80
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK On Success RC_ERROR On Failure
<i>Description:</i> Only one Interrupt source can be selected. This thread will send a message to the program using the window handle passed in. The two allowed messages are; #define WM_INT_DYING       0x7026 #define WM_INT_DETECTED   0x7025	

<b>bcReqInts</b>	
<b>Prototype</b>	int bcReqInts (UCHAR *mask);
<b>Packet</b>	None
<b>Input Parameter</b>	UCHAR *mask = pointer to mask to load from INTERRUPT MASK register.
<b>Returns</b>	RC_OK On Success RC_ERROR On Failure
<i>Description:</i> Query the currently enabled interrupt.	

*Note:* Refer to the bc630AT User's Guide for more information regarding allowed values for the INTERRUPT MASK.